

From Use Cases to Test Cases

Step-by-step approach to ensure the quality of specifications and to derive test cases based on a use case model

Speaker



- HOOD Group
 - Experts in Requirements
 - Keltenring 7, D-82041 Oberhaching
 - http://www.HOOD-Group.com
 - 45 employees
 - Customer industries: Automotive, Health, Defense,...
- Dr. Rudolf Hauber
 - UML/SysML and technology consultant
 - Rudolf.Hauber@HOOD-Group.com

From Use Cases to test cases



© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

Content

- Why so much testing problems
- Use Case concept
- Simulation aims and levels
- Simulation techniques for use cases
- Testing use cases

How to get test requirements?



© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

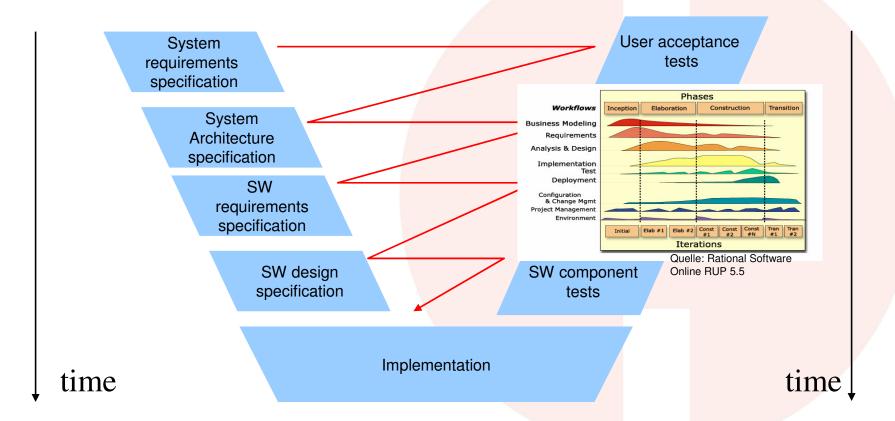
The problem: QA is addressed to late Much later Specs not updated System No one to ask requirements specification n integration System tests Architecture specification SW SW integration requirements tests specification SW design SW component specification tests

Implementation

Getting test requirements



- How it should be
 - Ensure quality of spec
 - Define test spec when defining spec



How to get test requirements?



© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

- The means we can use
 - Provide information
 - Consider all stakeholders
 - Do it in time

System requirements specification

information

User acceptance tests

System Architecture specification

SW requirements specification

SW design specification

System integration tests



Implementation

From Use Cases to test cases



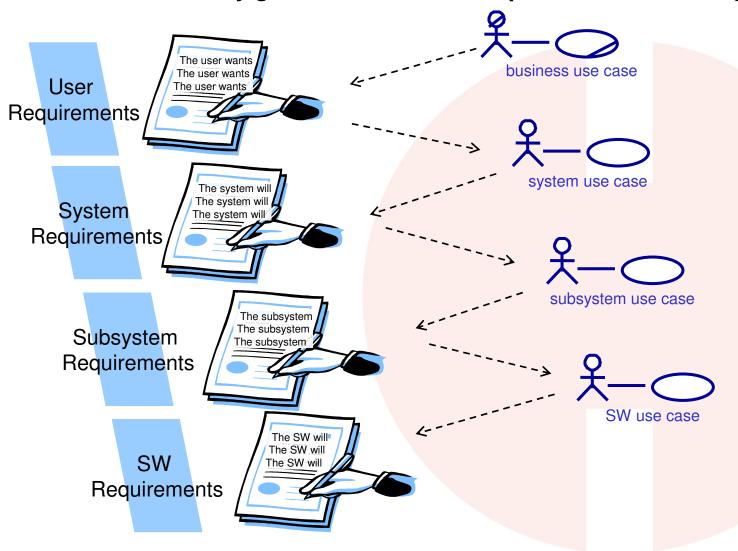
© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

Content

- Why so much testing problems
- Use Case concept
- Simulation aims and levels
- Simulation techniques for use cases
- Testing use cases

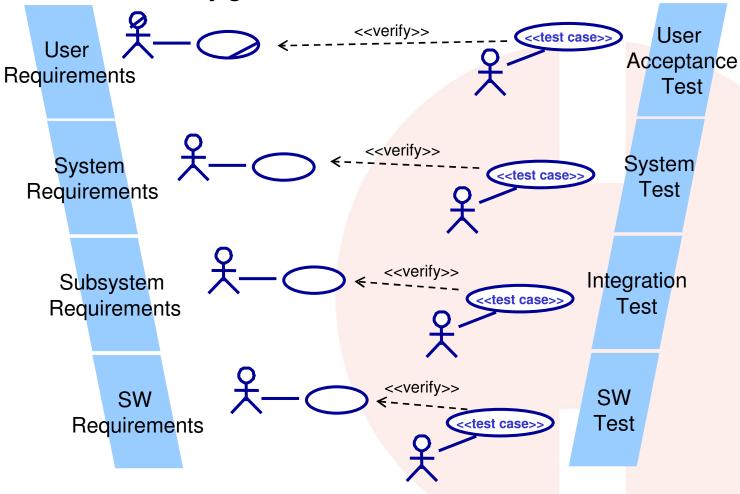


Use Cases are a very good tool to derive requirements at all stage!





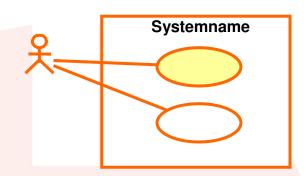
Use Cases are a very good base for verification and validation

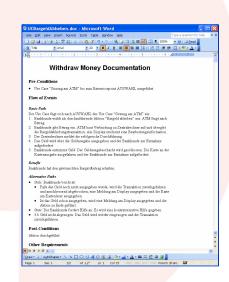


Use Case Modelling Elements



- Use Case Diagram
 - Define scope and context
 - Requirements overview
 - Communications instrument to stakeholders
- Use Case description
 - From user perspective
 - Detailed flow of interaction
 - pre-/post-condition, constraints
 - "contract" between user and developer
- Additional information (if needed)

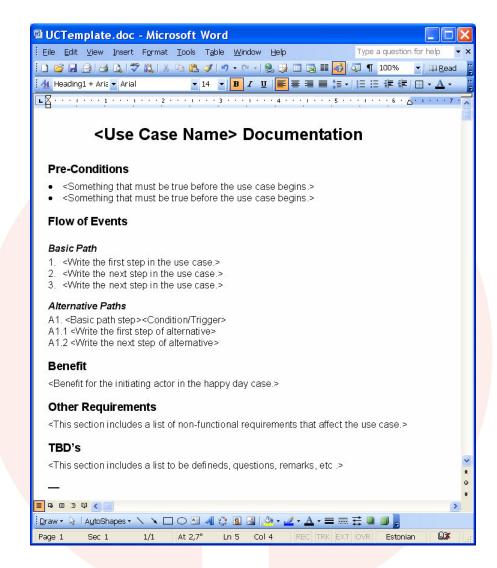




Use Case description



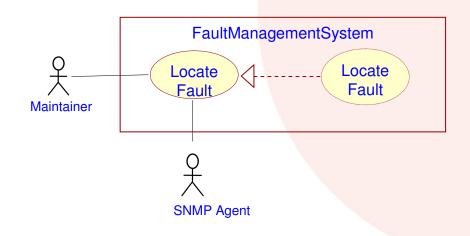
- Use Case description is Use Case Spec
- Same rule as for *Requirement* specification
 - Clear
 - Precise, unambiguous
 - Defined terms (glossary)
 - verifiable
- Template-based
 - semi-formal
 - uniform

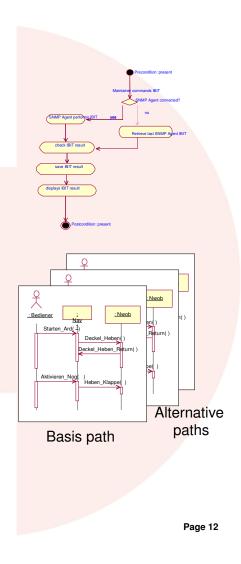


Use Case modelling



- > For use case simulation you need modelling
- Modelling alternatives:
 - ➤ Black-Box
 - ➤ Individual flows using sequence diagrams
 - Complete use case behaviour using state machines or activities
 - White-Box
 - Use Case Realization using sequence diagrams





From Use Cases to test cases



© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

Content

- Why so much testing problems
- Use Case concept
- Simulation aims and levels
- Simulation techniques for use cases
- Testing use cases

Simulation aims

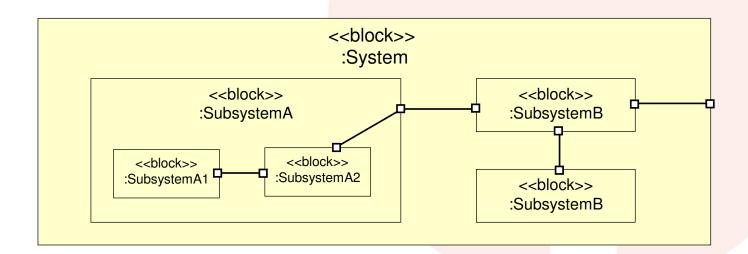


- Aims: requirements simulation for
 - Completeness of requirements
 - Forgotten alternatives, missing preconditions, missing use case
 - Consistency of requirements
 - Ambiguous alternatives and preconditions, conflicting use cases
- Simulation is model based
 - Failures in description model transition can not be recognized!
 - Modelling must be coached and reviewed

Simulation levels



- Simulation of functional requirements/flows on multiple levels
 - Black-Box Simulation of each use cases
 - Simulation of use case dependencies
 - White-Box simulation of each use case realisation
- Performance simulation
- For large systems: simulation of refinements for each stage recursively



From Use Cases to test cases



© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

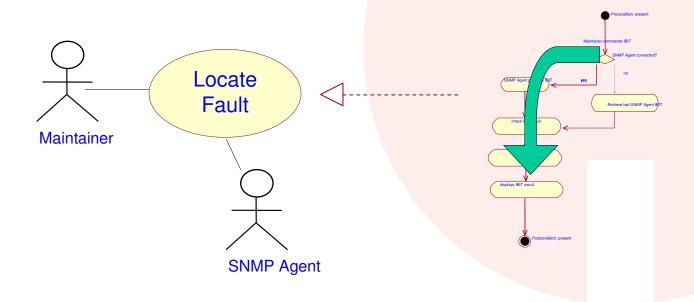
Content

- Why so much testing problems
- Use Case concept
- Simulation aims and levels
- Simulation techniques for use cases
 - Black-Box Simulation
 - Simulation of use case dependencies
 - White-Box simulation
- Testing use cases



Aims:

- Is the use case task correctly understood?
- Are the use case correct?
- Is the use case description consistent with existing interfaces?
- based an cse Case state machines or activities
- Simulation of concrete scenarios by injecting external event chains (e.g. from ICD)

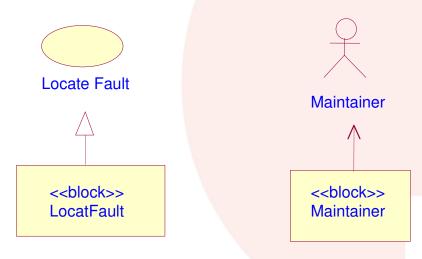




© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

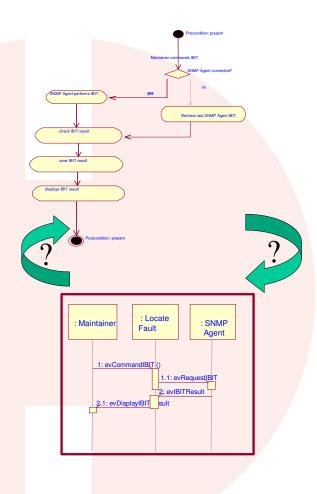
Precondition

- Based on UML 2 Tool (z.B. Rose RT)
- Use Case modeled as UML 2 Structured Classes/SysML blocks
- Use Case modeled als State Machine/activities
- Actors modeled as UML 2 Structured Classes/SysML blocks, too



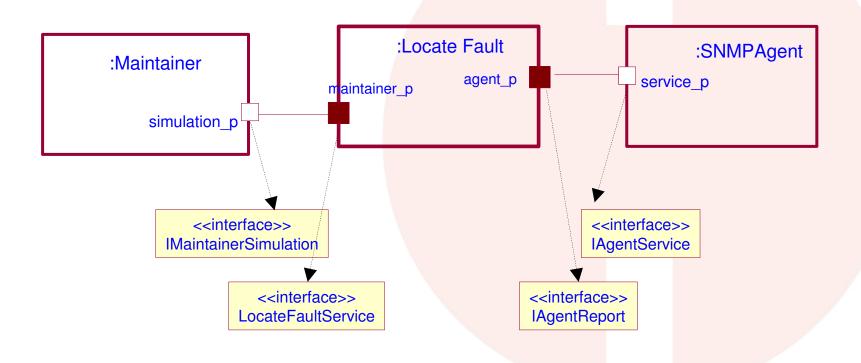


- Tool based verification
 - Check use case's state machine
 - dead ends?
 - clear decisions?
 - missing paths?
 - Check against ICD Communication
 - When to send and receive messages?
 - Which messages?
 - Conform the use case flows to the actor's interfaces?





- Modeling details
 - Define a (service) port for each actor (actor interface)
 - Define ports for the use case simulation capsule
 - Define a simulation port for the actor capsule

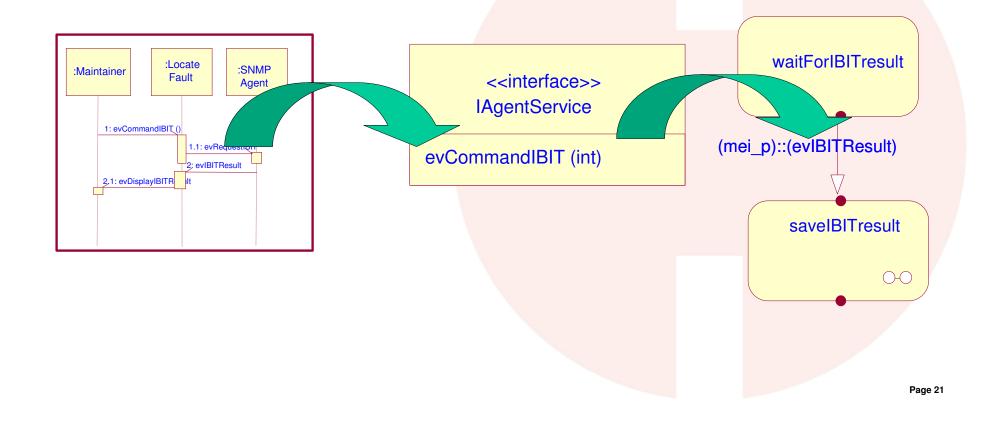




© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

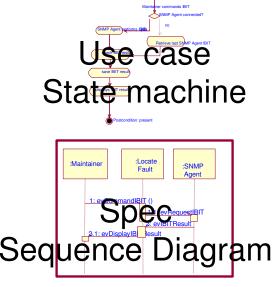
Event Approach

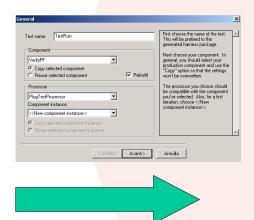
- Define signals for each incoming/outgoing ICD messages
- Define trigger events for event triggered transition

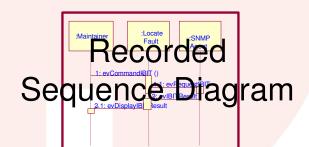




- Tool based verification
 - Use Case State machine or activity is generated
 - Actors are stubed
 - Automated verification of recoreded sequences against spec sequence diagrams
 - Needs a run time engine/action language

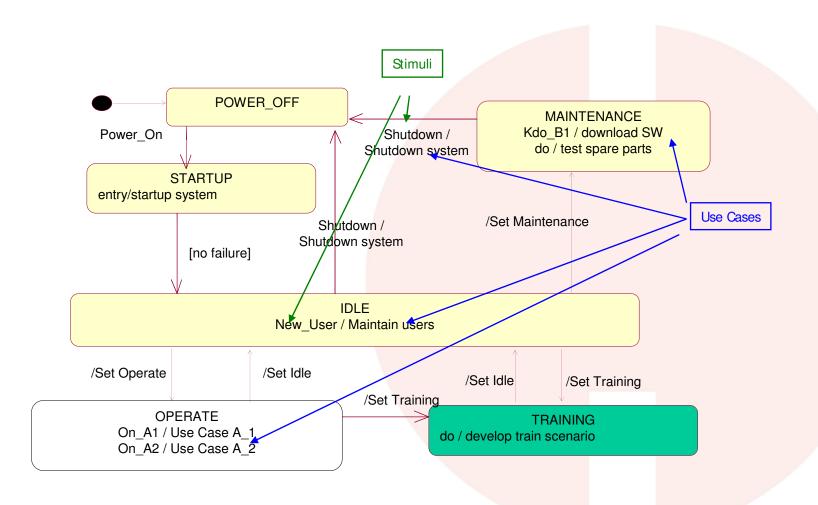








Based on state machine / activity model of use case dependencies



Simulation of use case dependencies



© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

– Aims:

- Is the problem space correctly understood?
- Are use cases missing, exists inconsistent/ doublicated functionality?
- Are the use cases consistent with system states & modes?
- Fitting the use cases together?
- Simulation by concrete "Usage Profiles" by injecting use case stimulichains
- Technique:
 - Same as before, but 1 structured Class/<<blook>> for all use cases/the system



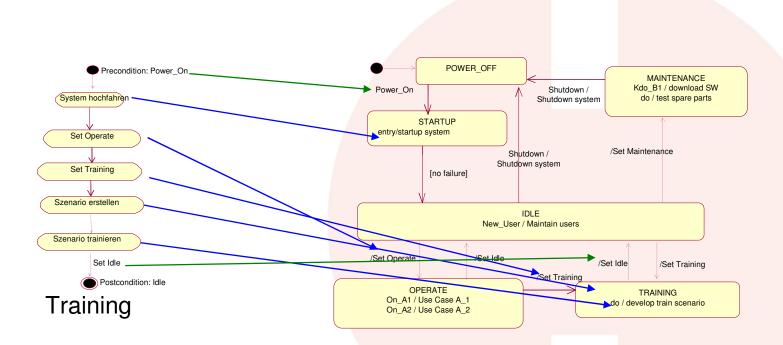
Simulation of use case dependencies



© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

"Walk-through" the usage profiles

- (typically) manually
- test pre- and postconditions of the use cases





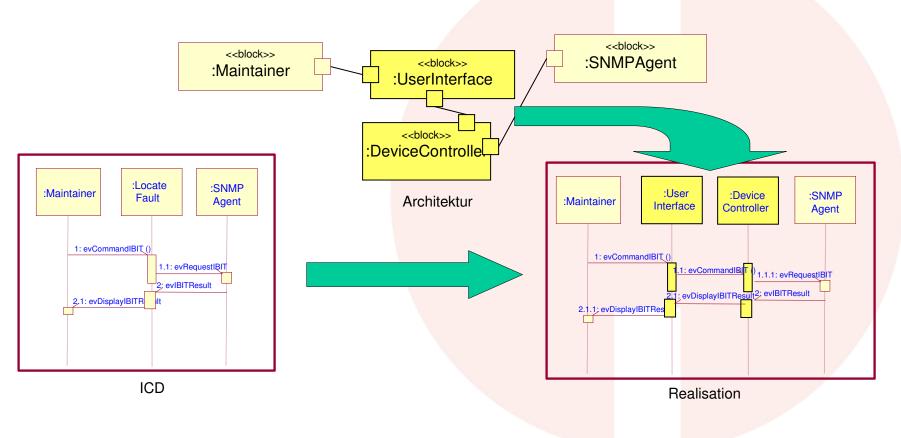
Aim:

- Is the use case appropriate realized?
- Are all use case steps realized?
- Are all subsystems appropriate designed?
 (coherence and encapsulation)
- Make the subsystem responsibilities sense?
- Are the communication paths clearly laid out?
- Simulation of the use case realizations
- Preconditions:
 - Architectural elements identified
 - Robustness Analysis performed

Use Case White-Box Simulation



- Simulation of Use Case Realisation against sequence diagrams
- Replace Use Case (Black-Box Simulation) block with Realisation



From Use Cases to test cases



© HOOD Group 2007 www.HOOD-Group.com

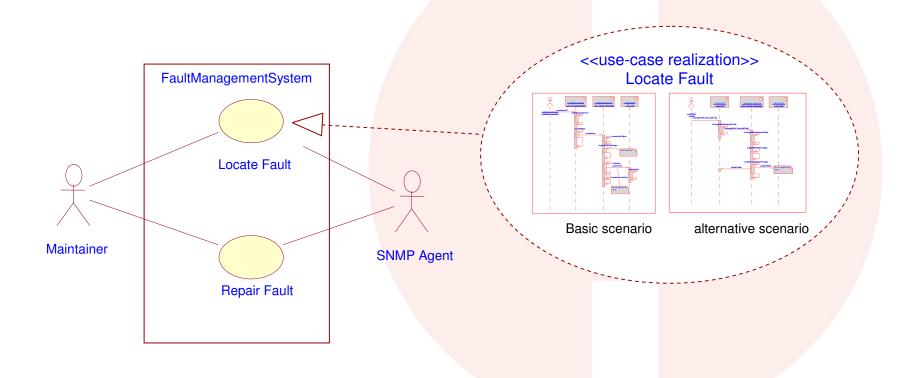
Content

- Why so much testing problems
- Use Case concept
- Simulation aims and levels
- Simulation techniques for use cases
- Testing use cases



Concept

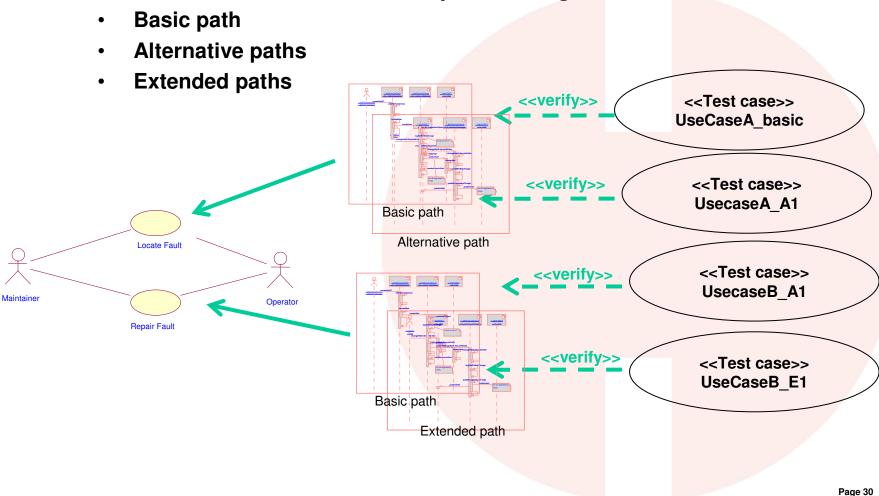
- Use cases consists of use case scenarios, which are much like "test scripts"
- Use case paths are modeled as sequence diagrams





Deriving the test specification: Stage 1 Initial test cases

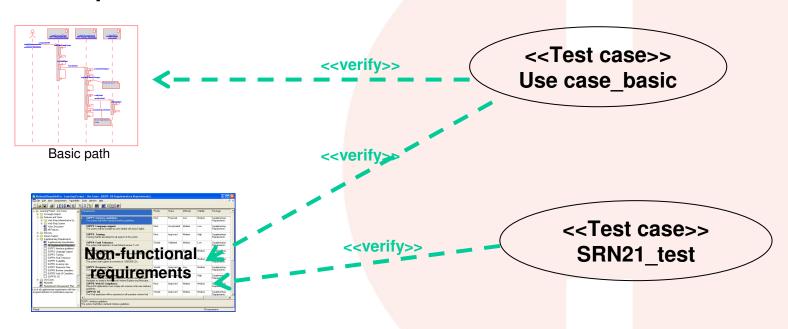
Define a test case for each sequence diagram of each use case





Deriving the test specification: Stage 1 Initial test cases

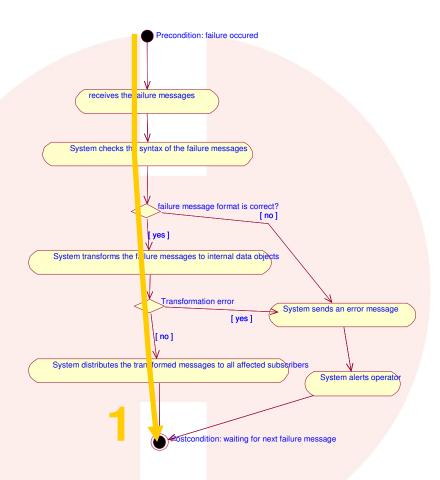
- Check which non-functional requirements can be tested within a test case
- Define test cases for the rest of the non-functional requirements





Deriving the test specification: Stage 2 Reduced test cases

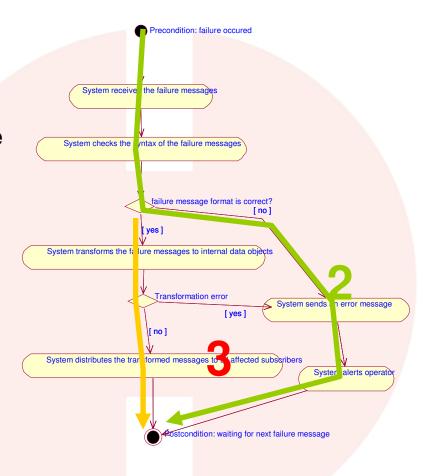
- Check the use case state/activity model to reduce the number of test cases.
- Start with the basic path.
- Calculate the use case state/activity model coverage of the flow (states&transitions coverage)





Deriving the test specification: Stage 2 Reduced test cases

- If the path does not enhance the state/activity coverage
 - drop it
- Take the next path until states&transitions coverage
- If important states/activities or transitions are not covered, define new path = test case that visit these states/activities.





• Thanks for your patience!

Questions

